



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS: THE FREESTANDING CAT FENCE SYSTEM

Scan to review our
installation video:



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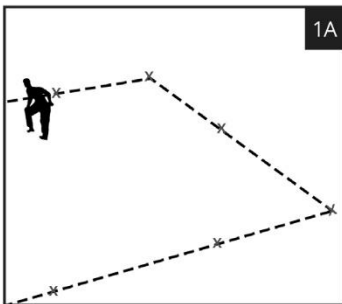
Please start by familiarising yourself with the components in your kit,
while referring to the enclosed packing list.

IMPORTANT:

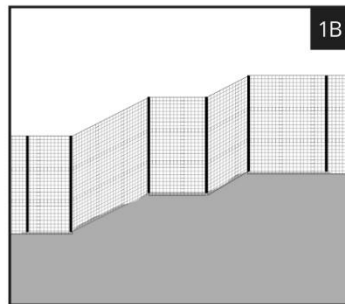


It is strongly recommended that you review the installation video by scanning the QR code in the upper right or visiting our website at PurrfectFence.com/FS before starting your installation for the best results!

1 LAY OUT YOUR ENCLOSURE



1A

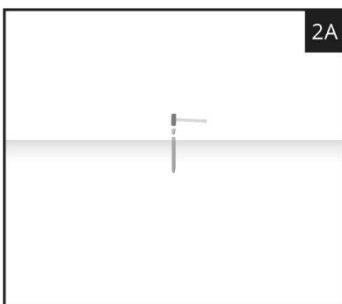


1B

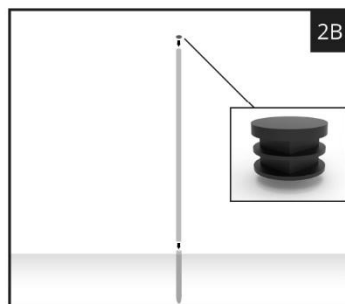
1A. Plan your layout by measuring side lengths and marking the location of each post. Posts should be no more than **4 metres apart**.

1B. Posts must be located at all points where the ground slope is more than gradual. The top of the fence line should run parallel to the ground. Additional posts are available for purchase when needed.

2 SET POSTS



2A



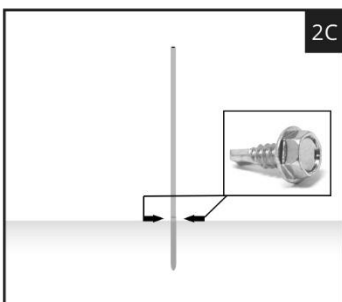
2B

2A. Use a heavy hammer and the included drive cap to drive the ground sleeves into the ground at your post locations leaving **4 cm** of the sleeve exposed at the top.

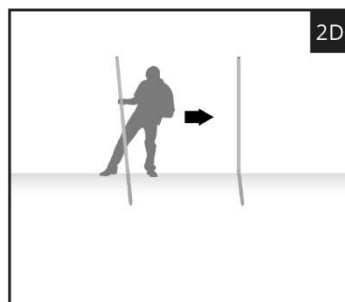
2B. Insert post caps into the tops of the posts. Insert posts into the ground sleeves.

2C. Secure posts to ground sleeves with included self-tapping screws. One screw on each side of the ground sleeve will prevent the post from spinning.

2D. All posts must be vertically aligned.



2C



2D



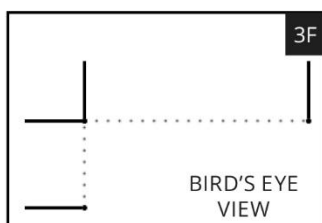
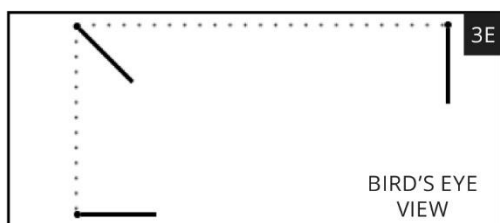
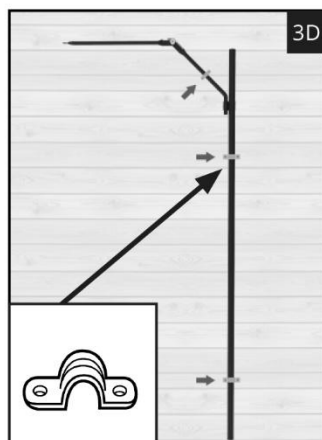
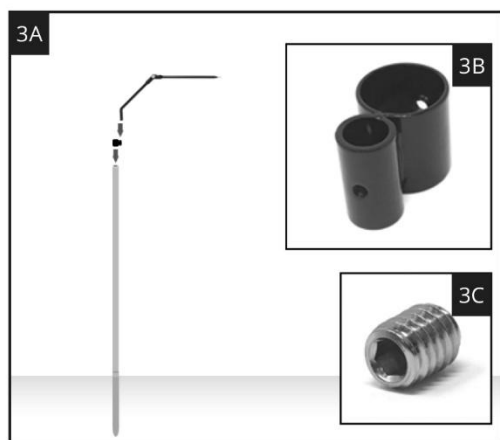
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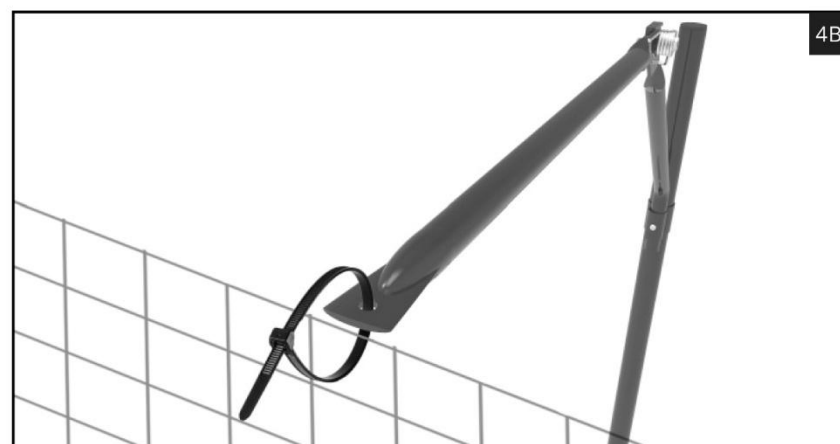
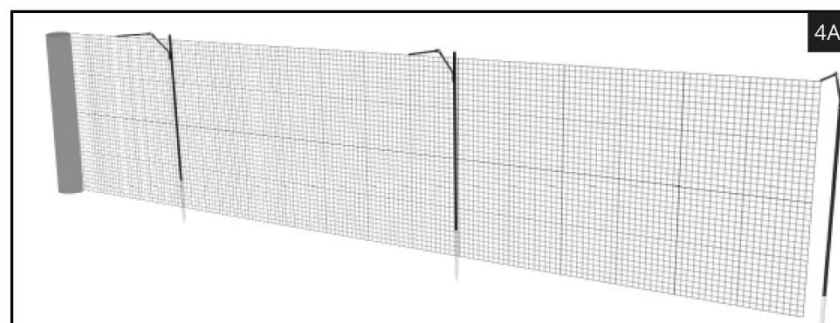
3 ATTACH ARMS TO POSTS



Using the Post to Arm Coupler

- 3A.** Slide the post to arm coupler (3B) over the top of the post and secure with a set screw (3C) using supplied hex wrench. Next, insert the spring-loaded arm into the opposite side of the coupler and secure with a set screw. Arm height is adjustable by loosening the set screw and moving the post to arm coupler up or down to desired height, then retightening the set screw. Distance from the ground to the tip of the arm should be a minimum 1.8m. Included components allow for a height of up to 2.1m. Taller is always better when possible.
- 3D.** Where posts connect to homes, sheds, barns, etc. use provided straps (version for posts and a version for arms provided) to hold the post securely against the structure. Ground sleeves may not be **usable** due to the presence of the structure's foundation.
- 3E.** In corners, the arm should be positioned to point at a 45 degree angle (or split the corner for any angle between 90 and 180 degrees).
- 3F.** For outside corners, one post with 2 arms, and 2 post to arm couplers is needed. The arms should be pointed inline with the fence leading up to the corner. Applies for any angle between 180 and 270 degrees.

4 ATTACH POLY MESH TO ARMS / POSTS

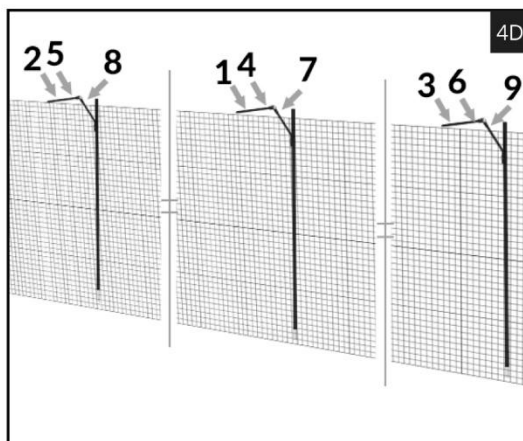
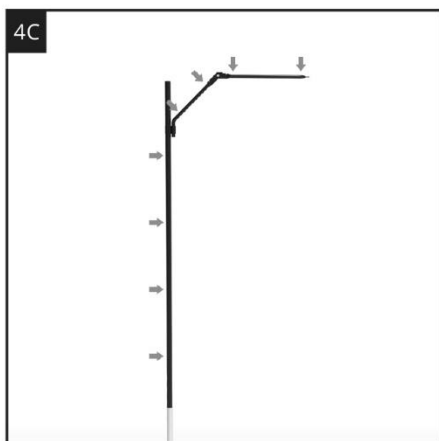


- 4A.** Unroll the mesh fence then lift the top edge up to the tip of the arm to secure with a standard zip tie.
- 4B.** Thread the zip tie through the hole at the tip of the arm and through the poly mesh fencing. Tighten the zip tie and cut off the excess tab. Repeat for each arm along the side. Do not try to pull the mesh overly tight between arms / posts.

Note: The poly mesh will go on the bottom side of the arm.



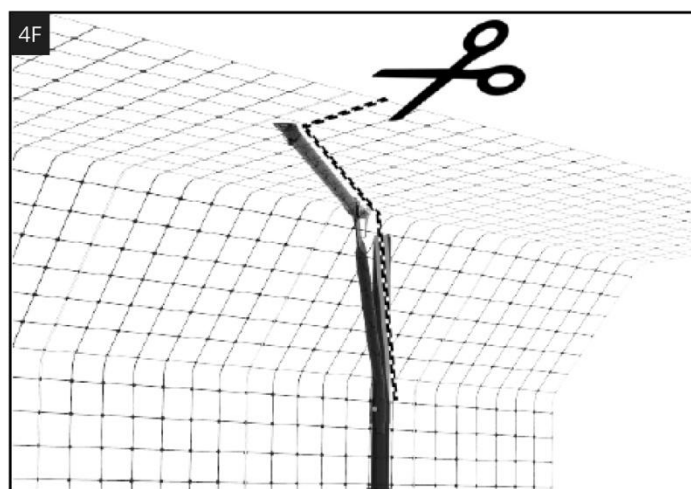
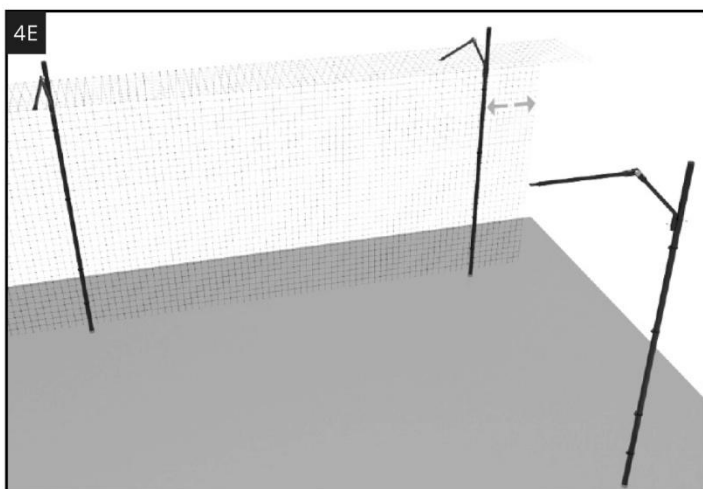
4 ATTACH UPPER POLY MESH TO ARMS / POSTS (CONTINUED)



4C. Poly mesh will be secured to the post and arm at the points shown with heavy-duty zip ties.

4D. Attach mesh in groups of 3 when possible. After completing step **4A**, start with the middle post in the span and work from side to side in the order as shown in the diagram for best results. Continue this rotation down the span of the post.

Note: When attaching the mesh to the posts, use more ties at the end and corner posts of your enclosure.



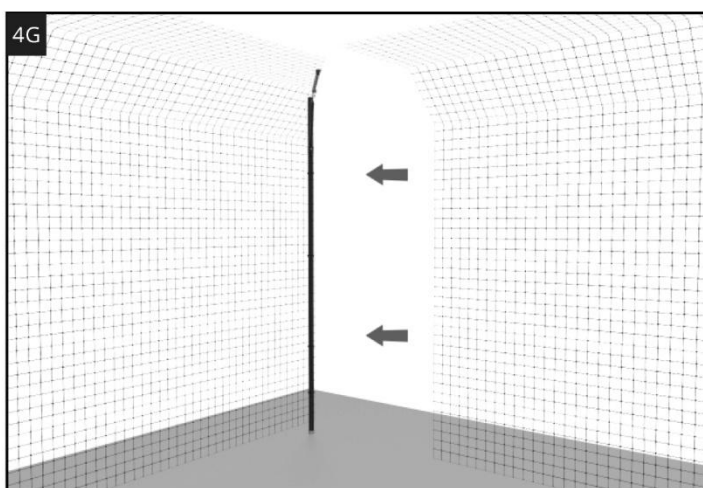
4E. Run the mesh fencing past the corner at least 4 inches before securing with zip ties.

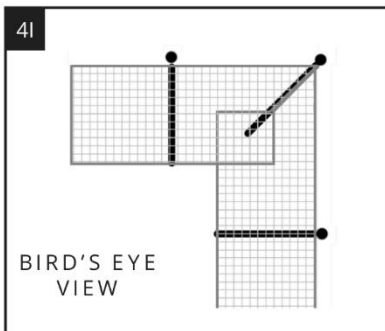
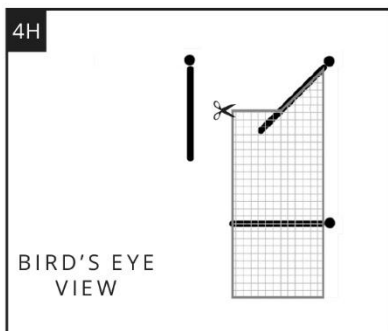
4F. Once your corner post and arm has the mesh secured, you can trim away excess mesh along the edge of the arm and post in the pattern shown. Please consult steps **4H-4K** for more information about corners.

4G. Starting with a new span of poly mesh, overlap it 4 inches past the corner post from the opposite direction before securing the mesh to the tip of the arm on the corner. Then repeat the trimming in step **4F** once the mesh is secure to the corner post and the next post in the group you are installing the poly mesh fencing on.

Repeat **Section 4** as necessary until all sides of the enclosure are complete.

Note: There will be a gap between the ground and the bottom edge of the poly mesh fencing once fully secured. This is intentional and the gap will be sealed in the next step.



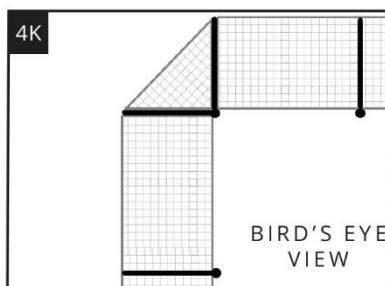
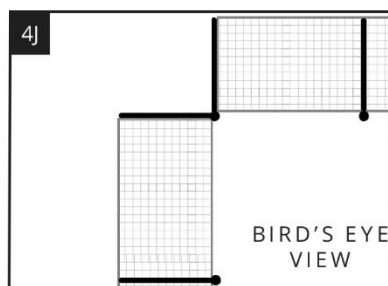


Inside Corners

4H. At corners the arms are angled relative to the rest of the arms in the sections which makes them "shorter." To adjust for this, attach the fence 4 squares in from the edge of the fence at the tip of the arm.

4I. Run the fence slightly past the corner post and cut the mesh fencing off the roll.

Note: This applies for any angle between 90 and 180 degrees. Corners less than 90-degrees should be handled with two posts/arms that "cut off" the angle. Please contact Purrfect Fence for more information.

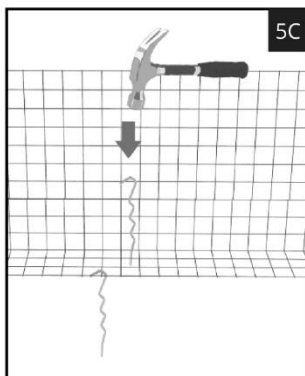
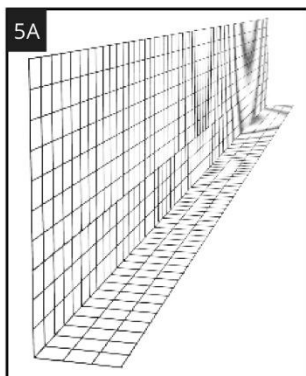


Outside Corners

4J. As shown in section 3F, outside corners require a special configuration. Each section of fence leading up to the corner must be cut at the arm leaving a gap in the corner.

4K. A separate piece of mesh is required for the outside corner between the arms.

5 ATTACH CHEW / DIG GUARD (WELDED WIRE)

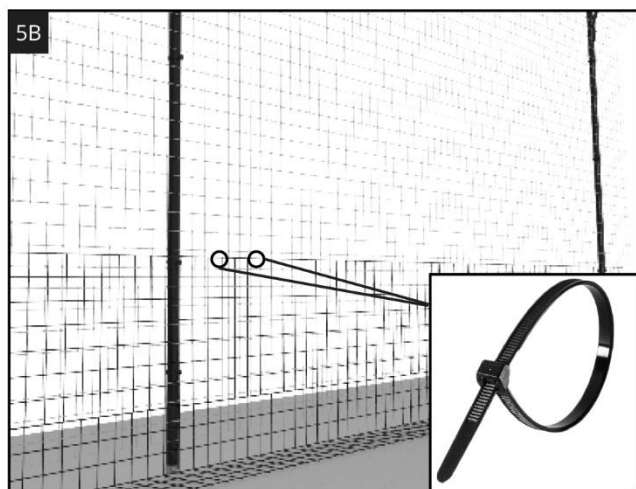


5A. Unroll the welded wire chew/dig guard to the length needed for the side. Form the mesh into a 90-degree angle "L" shape. Minimum of 2 squares of welded wire should be against the ground. The remainder will run vertically up the fence.

5B. Use standard zip ties to connect the top of the welded wire chew/dig guard to the bottom of the poly mesh fencing. It is recommended that you secure the fence "every other square." There should be a minimum of 1 square overlap of the mesh fencing and welded wire at the top. Excess mesh can be trimmed away or secured with zip ties once installed.

5C. Use a hammer to drive the galvanized ground stakes into the ground ensuring that the hooked tip holds the wire mesh securely to the ground. It is best if the stake is positioned to hold the wire mesh where two strands of wire intersect. Stakes can be spaced up to 2 feet apart (left to right) and can be alternated from front to back for added security.

Note: For additional security against digging and chewing animals outside your enclosure, you may choose to install the chew/dig guard on the outside of the enclosure instead of the standard inside configuration as shown.





FENCE CARE & RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE

Purrfect Fence products are designed with minimal maintenance in mind. Materials and manufacturing processes are selected for their durability and performance outdoors to limit the time and effort needed to keep them in working order. However, there are a few things you can do to help increase the longevity of your Purrfect Fence!

WALK THE PERIMETER OF YOUR FENCE

We recommend taking a walk around the perimeter of your fence once or twice a year. While this can be done at any time in the year, spring and/or fall can be a great time to inspect the fence at either end of winter. As you walk the perimeter, inspect the mesh for any gaps or holes that may have formed. Replace mesh or patch and secure any gaps or holes you find. As you walk, you may even give the mesh a gentle tug to ensure all zip ties are still secure. Replace or add any zip ties as needed.

Don't forget to check overhead for any branches that might have the potential to fall with heavy ice, snow, or winds. Be sure to remove any that might fall on your fence!

LUBRICATE SPRING JOINTS

If desired, you can also check each spring-loaded arm and lubricate the spring with a lanolin-based lubricant/corrosion inhibitor if needed (such as **LanoCote**). This is particularly recommended in coastal areas where you may receive heavy sea spray or experience salt air.

RUST PREVENTION

Every metal component of your fence was designed and manufactured specifically for use outdoors. In order to prolong the life of all metal components, they are all made of galvanized or stainless steel. Many of the components are also powder-coated black for an additional layer of weather protection.

However, over time, surface rust may appear in some locations. If you notice any rust forming it is recommended to sand or file as much of the rust away as possible then reseal the area with a black rust inhibitor spray.

One area to check regularly with the Freestanding Fence System is at the base of your posts. These areas are most vulnerable to animal urine (cats, dogs, or wild animals may all be culprits!) which is highly corrosive, and over time can allow rust to form and cause a post to fail prematurely. If you notice any posts that are showing signs of corrosion at the base, we recommend replacing the post.

REMOVE DEBRIS (LEAVES, STICKS, ETC.)

If you live in a region that experiences heavy snowfall, be sure to clear any leaves that may have gotten caught in the mesh (particularly for Existing Fence Conversion Systems) to prevent snow build-up through the winter. If you do not have access to the backside of your fence to complete this, then you may wait until the leaves dry out and use a leaf blower or you can bend down the tip of the arm in front of the fence in order to reach the leaves caught in the back. A helper can be useful for this option!

BE MINDFUL OF SNOWFALL

The poly mesh grid generally allows most snow to easily pass through the fence without issue. However, in rare instances where the snow is heavy, "wet", and falling quickly it may begin to accumulate on the fence. If you notice any accumulation on the Purrfect Fence, it is recommended to tap the fence every 5-10 feet so that the snow falls through the mesh or to brush it off to prevent damage to the fence.